#### **BEAVER CITY**

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

With Report of

**Certified Public Accountants** 



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FINANCIAL SECTION



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Beaver, Utah MEMBERS:
KRIS J. BRAUNBERGER
DEAN R. BURDICK
BRENT R. HALL
KENNETH A. HINTON
GREGORY A. KEMP
MORRIS J. PEACOCK
MICHAEL K. SPILKER
MARK E. TICHENOR

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beaver City, Utah, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of Beaver City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Beaver Valley Hospital, a component unit, whose financial statements reflect total assets of \$10,779,357 as of June 30, 2005, and total operating revenues of \$7,930,390, for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the previously noted component unit in the component unit column, is based on the report of other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beaver City, Utah as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 11, 2005, on our consideration of Beaver City's internal control structure over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-9, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Beaver City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining statements listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of Beaver City, Utah. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KEMP, BURDICK, HINTON & HALL, L.C.

Kemp, Burdick, Thata & Thile, L. C.

August 11, 2005

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This document is a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Beaver City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005. Beaver City management encourages readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements that follow this section. To help the reader with navigation of this report the city's activities are classified in the following manner: Government activities refers to general administration, parks, streets, planning etc, while business-type activities refer to operations such as sewer, water, and electrical services.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net assets increased by \$481,182 which resulted in total assets in excess of total liabilities (net assets) of \$13.1 million at the close of the fiscal year. Most of this increase is the result of adding real property, improvements and equipment to the asset list.
- Total governmental revenues, including taxes exceeded total governmental expenses by \$322,448
- Total business-type revenues exceeded total business-type expenses by \$158,734.
- Total revenues from all sources were \$4.43 million.
- The total costs of all City programs were \$3.9 million
- The General Fund reported excess expenditures over revenues of \$20,568.
- Actual resources received in the General Fund were more than the final budget by \$65,432 while actual expenditures were \$65,249 less than the final budget.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$326,046 or 21.94% of total General Fund expenditures, excluding transfers.
- Proprietary Fund, net assets increased \$158,734. The water fund net assets increased by \$21,684; sewer fund net assets increased by \$30,848 and electric fund net assets increased by \$106,202. Beaver City increased water rates, effective July 1, 2004 to increase the water fund revenue.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The three components of the financial statements are: (1) Government-wide financial statements that include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole. (2) Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. (3) Notes to the financial statements.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

#### The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide)

A frequently asked question regarding the City's financial health is whether the year's activities contributed positively to the overall financial well being of the City. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. Net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or

deteriorating. However, it is important to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base or condition of the City's roads to accurately assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, present information about the following:

- Government activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, public safety, judicial, public works, culture and recreation, community support and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- Proprietary activities/Business type activities The City charges a fee to customers to cover most of the costs of the services provided.

#### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds that aid in the management of money for particular purposes or meet legal responsibilities associated with the usage of certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two major kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches as explained below.

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how resources flow in and out with the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Government fund information shows whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the Basic Financial Statements and in footnote 2.
- Proprietary funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are
  generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all
  activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

#### Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain amounts held on behalf of developers, donations for a specific purpose and others. These fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets are used for their intended purposes. Therefore, fiduciary activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the assets cannot be used to finance operations.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's combined assets exceed liabilities by \$13.1 million as of June 30, 2005 as shown in the following condensed

statement of net assets. The City has chosen to account for its water, sewer and electric operations in enterprise funds, which are shown as Business Activities.

### **Beaver City Statement of Net Assets**

	Govern activ			ss-type vities
	2005	2004	2005	<b>20</b> 04
Current and other assets	\$ 997,167	\$ 1,075,699	\$ 4,042,107	\$ 4,205,646
Capital assets	2,492,538	2,216,079	9,875,653	9,958,308
Total assets	3,489,705	3,291,778	13,917,760	14,163,954
Long-term liabilities outstanding	417,337	476,620	3,383,054	3,703,451
Other liabilities	340,385	405,623	1 <b>79,</b> 337	263,868
Total liabilities	757,722	882,243	3,562,391	3,967,319
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				•
of related debt	2,075,201	1,739,459	6,553,436	6,760,748
Restricted	3 <b>30,7</b> 36	327,391	427,521	425,790
Unrestricted	326,046	342,685	3,374,412	3,010,097
Total net assets	\$ 2,731,983	\$ 2,409,535	\$10,355,369	\$ 10,196,635

#### **Governmental Activities**

The cost of all Governmental activities this year was \$1,402,253. As shown on the statement of Changes in Net Assets on the following page, \$240,724 of this cost was paid for by those who directly benefited from the programs; \$747,887 was subsidized by grants received from other governmental organizations for both capital and operating activities. Overall governmental program revenues, including intergovernmental aid and fees for services were \$988,611. General taxes and investment earnings totaled \$678,090.

The City's programs include: General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Parks & Recreation and Community Development. Each program's revenues and expenses are presented below.

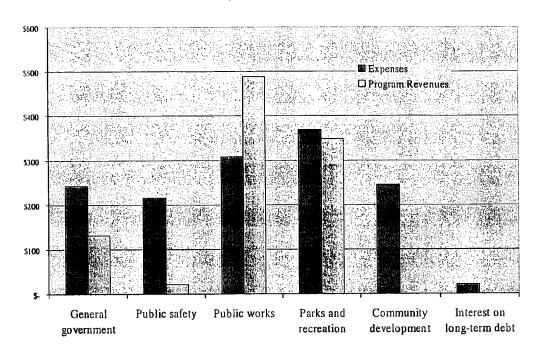
#### Beaver City Changes in Net Assets

	Govern activ		Busine: activ	• •
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 240,724	\$ 249,223	<b>\$</b> 2,6 <b>93,</b> 271	\$ 2,794,446
Operating grants and				
contributions	1 <b>92,0</b> 73	<b>227,930</b>	-	-
Capital grants and				
contributions	55 <b>5,</b> 814	293,312	-	43,881
General revenues:				
Taxes	65 <b>0,</b> 502	651,79 <b>0</b>	-	-
Other	85,588	43,096	10,092	17,333
Total revenues	1,724,701	1,465,351	2,703,363	2,855,660
Expenses:				
General government	<b>242,1</b> 32	238,382	-	-
Public safety	216,221	220,132	-	-
Public works	308,845	267,528	-	-
Parks and recreation	3 <b>68,</b> 722	453,765	-	-
Community development	2 <b>44,9</b> 22	51,430	-	· -
Interest on long-term debt	21,411	23,124	-	-
Water	-		<b>492</b> ,958	491,432
Sewer			<b>270,</b> 263	268,598
Electric	<u>-</u> _		1,781,408	1,791,442
Total expenses	1,402,253	1,254,361	2,544,629	2,551,472
Increase in net assets	322,448	210,990	158,734	304,188
Net assets, beginning	<u>2,4<b>09,5</b>35</u>	2,198,545	10,196,635	9,892,447
Net assets, ending	\$ 2,731,983	\$ 2,409,535	\$10,355,369	\$10,196,635

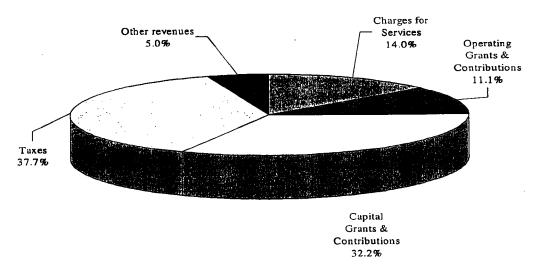
Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$4.12 million consisting of Net assets at July 1, 2004 of \$2.4 million, program revenues of \$988,611 and General Revenues of \$736,090. Total Governmental Activities during the year were \$1.4 million; thus Governmental Net Assets were increased by \$322,448 to \$2.7 million.

The following graphs compare program expenses to program revenues and provide a breakdown of revenues by source for all governmental activities:

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in Thousands)



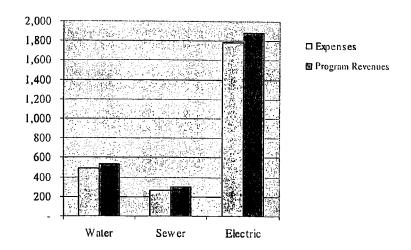
Revenue By Source - Governmental Activities



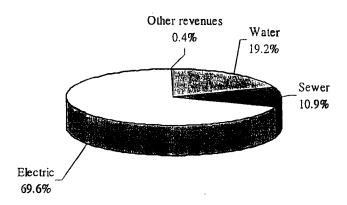
#### **Business Type Activities**

Net assets of the Business Type activities at June 30, 2005, as reflected in the Statement of Net Assets were \$10.36 million. The cost of providing all Proprietary (Business Type) activities this year was \$2.54 million. As shown in the statement of Changes in Net Assets, the amounts paid by users of the system were \$2.69 million and \$0 was subsidized by capital grants and contributions. Interest earnings were \$68,092. The Net Assets increased by \$158,734.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business- type Activities (in Thousands)



Revenue By Source - Business-type Activities



#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final appropriations for the General Fund at year-end were \$65,249 more than actual expenditures. The budget to actual variance in appropriations was principally due to estimates of anticipated expenditures by the Public Works department for road and other projects which carried over to the next fiscal year. Actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$65,432. Budget amendments and supplemental appropriations were made during the year to prevent budget overruns and to increase appropriations for unanticipated expenditures after adoption of the original budget.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The capital assets of the City are those assets that are used in performance of City functions including infrastructure assets. Capital Assets include equipment, buildings, land, park facilities and roads. At the end of fiscal year 2005, net capital assets of the government activities totaled \$2.5 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$9.88 million. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the Government-Wide financial statements. (See note 5 to the financial statements.)

#### Debt

At year-end, the City had \$417,337 in governmental type debt, and \$3.3 million in proprietary debt. The debt is a liability of the government. During the current fiscal year, the City's total debt decreased by \$376,416. (See note 6 to the financial statements for detailed descriptions.)

### NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

In considering the City Budget for fiscal year 2005/2006, the City Council and management were cautious as to the growth of revenues and expenditures. Even with careful budgeting, General Fund reserves are expected to decrease for the fiscal year 2005/2006.

### COMPONENT UNIT - BEAVER VALLEY HOSPITAL

The Beaver City Council appoints two of the seven Hospital board members and the Beaver City Mayor is Chairman of the Board. In addition, Beaver City owns the Hospital's buildings through the Municipal Building Authority of Beaver City (the Authority). The Authority was formally recognized by the State of Utah as an incorporated entity in 1999. The Authority was formed for the purpose of acquiring; improving or extending any improvements, facility or properties, specifically, hospital and related facilities and the original Board of Trustees consists of the mayor and city council members of the City.

Complete financial statements of the individual component unit can be obtained by writing to the Beaver Valley Hospital, P.O. Box 1670, Beaver, UT 84713, or by calling 1 (435) 438-2531.

### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Beaver City Manager, 60 West Center Street, Beaver Utah, 84713.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### BEAVER CITY, UTAH Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

		Pi	imar	Government				
	Gov	ernmental	Bus	iness-type			Co	mponent
	A	ctivities	A	ctivities		Total		Unit
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	362,073	\$	2,986,573	\$	3,348,646	\$	1,539,355
Receivables (net of allowance)		339,290		291 <b>,874</b>		631,164		1,978,304
Inventory		-		386, <b>623</b>		386,623		165,093
Prepaids		6,728		-		6,728		<b>28</b> ,838
Restricted assets:								
Temporarily restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		289,076		310 <b>,470</b>		<b>599,</b> 546		159,120
Deferred Charges		-		41,567		41,567		12,108
Notes receivable		-		25,000		25,000		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated								
depreciation):								
Land and water		163,697		279 <b>,701</b>		<b>443,</b> 398		155,971
Buildings		<b>49</b> 9,170		105 <b>,750</b>		<b>604,</b> 920		<b>3,420</b> ,336
Improvements		1,486,726		-		1,486,726		-
Furniture and fixtures		10,140				10,140		-
Machinery and equipment		179,829		338,442		518,271		3,320,232
Automobiles and trucks		_		93 <b>,915</b>		<b>93,</b> 915		•
Distribution system		-		9,057,845		9,057,845		
		152,976		-		152,976		
Infrastr <b>uct</b> ure Total assets		3,489,705		13,917,760		17 <b>,407,</b> 465	_	10,779,357
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		93,862		139,393		233,255		597,26
Deferred revenue		246,523		-		<b>246</b> ,523		
Interest payable		· -		39 <b>,94</b> 4		39,944		
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year		40,520		19 <b>4,16</b> 7		234,687		278,68
Due in more than one year		376,81 <b>7</b>		3,188,887		3,565,704	_	5,722,00
Total liabilities		757,722	_	3,562,391	_	4,320,113	_	<b>6,597,9</b> 5
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets, net of						0.750.755		<b>00</b> 2.04
related debt		2,075,201		6,553,436		<b>8,62</b> 8,637		<b>8</b> 95,85
Restricted for:								400 10
Debt service		88,837		31 <b>0,4</b> 70		399,307		159,12
Capital projects		75,1 <b>08</b>		-		75,108		
Perpetual care		130,587		-		130,587		
Other purposes		36,204		117,051		153,255		
Unrestricted	_	326,046		3,374,412	_	3,700,458	_	3,126,4
Total Net Assets	\$	2,731,983	\$	10,3 <b>55,3</b> 69	_\$	13,087,352	=	\$ 4,181,4

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005 BEAVER CITY, UTAH Statement of Activities

			Program Revenues	enues		Net (Expe	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	Changes in Net A	ssets
			Operating		Capital	Pr	Primary Government		
		Charges for	Grants &		Grants &	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Continue	i I					
Primary government:									6
Governmental activities:	c 242 132	\$ 130 565	<b>€</b> 9	جع	1	\$ (111,567)		(/95,111) \$	·
General government			3.286	98	•	(194,257)	•	(194,257)	•
Public safety	177'017	10,0	190 151	3 7	477 77E	178.847	•	178,847	
Public works	308,845	/56/1	6,10,1	5 6	000010	(325)	•	(20,332)	•
Parks and recreation	368,722	73,524	978'90	eş.	210,040	(20,02)	•	(244,922)	•
Community development	244,922	•			•	(776,#42)	•	(21411)	•
Interest on long-term debt	21,411	-		-	1	(21,411)		(413,642)	'
Total povernmental activities	1,402,253	240,724	192,073	173	555,814	(413,042)		(21.0001)	
Business-type activities:	A02 058	519316		•	ı	•	26,358	26,358	•
Water	00000	202 730		,	1	•	23,176	23,176	
Sewer	2/0/203	604'C67			•	•	801,66	801'66	1
Electric	1,781,408	1,880,510		  - 	'		148,642	148,642	, }
Total business-type activities	2,544,629	7,693,7/1				000	140647	(000 590)	1
Total orimary government	\$ 3,946,882	\$ 2,933,995	\$ 192,073	373 8	555,814	(413,642)	7+0,041	(000,000)	
Component units:								•	(140 240)
Reaver Valley Hospital	\$ 8,084,828	\$ 7,930,390	\$ 14,	1	1	•	'   		(140.240)
Total component units		\$ 7,930,390	\$ 14,	14,198 \$			,		(017,011)
	General Kevenues:	Jes:							
	Taxes:					270 00	•	98.975	•
	Property ta	Property taxes levied for general purposes	eral purposes			C14.04		312017	328312
	Sales and use taxes	ise taxes				312,017	•	12001	
	Franchise taxes	axes				1,200	•	002,1	
	Finerov sales fax	es fax				191,183	•	191,185	•
	T-Ihan	utility to				47,127	•	47,127	İ
	I elephone unimy tax	מונוחול ופא	,		•	27.588	68,092	089'56	32,841
	Unrestricted	Unrestricted investment earnings	នា			<u> </u>		•	•
	Gain (loss) o	Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	s			•	1	•	ı
	Miscellaneous	8				- 00	(000 85)	•	
	Transfers					000,85	(000,01	746 187	361.153
	Total gene	Total general revenues & transfers	nsfers			060,067		481 182	220913
	Change in net	in net assets				344,226	2	12 606 170	3 960.490
	Net assets - beginning	. Suiuuiga					10,190,035	\$ 13,087,357	\$ 4.181.403
	Net assets - ending	ding				\$ 2,751,983	1	1	1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# BEAVER CITY, UTAH Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

310,226 23,348 69,419 6,728 42,517	\$	51,847 246,523	\$	362,073 269,871
23,348 69,419 6,728	\$		\$	
23,348 69,419 6,728	·			269,871
69,419 6,728		-		
6,728				69,419
		-		6,728
		246,559		289,076
452,238	\$	544,929	\$	997,167
<b>50.000</b>	•		¢	02 862
52,998	\$	-	<b>.</b>	93,8 <b>62</b> 246, <b>523</b>
52,998		287,387	<u> </u>	340,385
		51.045		00 027
<b>36,9</b> 90		-		88,837
-				75,108
-		130,587		130,587
36,204		-		36,204
				240,591
•		-		85,455
		257.542		656,782
				000,102
452,238	<u> </u>	3 <del>44,9</del> 29		
	ifferent because:	36,990  36,204  240,591 85,455 399,240 452,238  mental activities in the different because:	- 246,523 52,998 287,387  36,990 51,847 - 75,108 - 130,587 36,204 -  240,591 - 85,455 - 399,240 452,238 \$ 544,929  Imental activities in the different because:	246,523 52,998 287,387  36,990 51,847 75,108 130,587 36,204 - 240,591 85,455 399,240 452,238 \$ 544,929  mental activities in the

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	C	General	Gove	Other rnmental 'unds	Gove	Total rnmental Funds
Revenues	_					
Taxes	\$	82,080	\$	-	\$	82,080
Fees in lieu of property taxes		16,895		-		1 <b>6,89</b> 5
Sales and use taxes		312,017		-		31 <b>2,01</b> 7
Franchise taxes		1,200		-		1,200
Energy sales tax		191,183		-		191,183
Telephone utility tax		<b>47</b> ,127		-		47,127
Licenses, permits and fees		69,811		-		69,811
Intergovernmental revenue		489,804		205,0 <b>00</b>		694,804
Charges for services		139,189		-		139,189
Rental income		22,199		-		22,199
Special assessments		-		24,9 <b>96</b>		24,996
Contributions and donations		-		9,316		9,316
Investment earnings		27,589		14,899		42,488
Other revenues		2,222		11,174		13,396
Total revenues		1,401,316		265,385		1,666,701
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		<b>24</b> 3,740		500		244,240
Public safety		211,750		-		211,750
Public works		322,749		-		322,749
Parks and recreation		431,473		357		431,830
Community development		240,911		-		2 <b>40,9</b> 11
Debt service:						<b>50</b> 005
Principal		30,907		23,000		53,907
Interest		4,354		17,057		21,411
Capital outlay:				•		011 107
Capital outlay	_	-		211,197		211,197
Total expenditures		1,485,884		252,111		1,737,995
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(84,568)		13,274		(71,294)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in		64,000		- (6 <b>,000</b> )		64,000 (6,000)
Operating transfers out				(0,000)		(-)/
Total other financing sources and uses		64,000		(6,000)		58,000
Net change in fund balances		(20,568)		7 <b>,274</b>		(13,294)
Fund balances, beginning of year	. —	<b>4</b> 19,80 <b>8</b>		250 <b>,268</b>		670,076
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	399,240	\$	257,542	<u>\$</u>	656,782

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 11) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 13)	\$	(13,294)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	·	2 <b>76,4</b> 59
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		59,283
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	322,448

#### General Fund

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgeted A	\mo	unts		<b>Ac</b> tual	Final	ce with Budget
	0	riginal		Final		mounts		gativ <b>e)</b>
Revenues			_					
Taxes	\$	81,026	\$	80,200	\$	82,0 <b>80</b>	\$	1,880
Fees in lieu of property taxes		18,000		18,000		16,895		(1,105)
Sales and use taxes		360,000		305,000		312,017		7 <b>,017</b>
Franchise taxes		-		-		1,200		1,200
Energy sales tax		176,000		176,000		191,183		15,183
Telephone utility tax		32,500		43,0 <b>00</b>		47,127		4,127
Licenses, permits and fees		63,980		69,0 <b>20</b>		69,811		791
Intergovernmental revenue		783,400		466,089		<b>4</b> 89,8 <b>04</b>		23,715
Charges for services		151,550		138 <b>,900</b>		139,189		289
Rental income		26,625		24,8 <b>50</b>		22,199		(2,651)
Investment earnings		2,750		8,800		27,589		18,789
Other revenues		5,275	_	6,025		2,222		(3,803
Total revenues		<b>1,7</b> 01, <b>106</b>	_	1,335,884		1,401,316		65,432
Expenditures								
Current:		205 222		071 047		243,740		28,207
General government		305,933		271, <b>947</b>		243,740		345
Public safety		220,914		212,095		322,749		19,030
Public works		527,345		341,779		431,473		12,584
Parks and recreation		502,179		444,057				4,789
Community development		210,635		245,700		240,911		4,702
Debt service:		20.050		21.020		30,907		113
Principal		29,850		31,020		4,354	•	18:
Interest		4,378	_	4,535				
Total expenditures		1,801,234	_	1,551,133		1,485,884		65,249
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(100,128)		(215,249)		(84,568)		130,68
over (under) expenditures		(100,120)	-	(220,00)		(=/		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,000		C1 000		64,000		
Operating transfers in		64,000		64 <b>,000</b>		U+,UUU		
Operating transfers out		(57,214)	_	<del>-</del>	_	<del></del>		
Total other financing sources and uses		6,786	_	64,000		64,000		
Net change in fund balances		(93,342)		(151,249)		(20,568)		130,68
Fund balances, beginning of year		419,808	. –	419,808	-	419,808		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	326,466	_	\$ 268,559	;	\$ 399,240	<u>\$</u>	130,68

#### BEAVER CITY, UTAH Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2005

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Electric Fund	Totals 2005
Assets				
Current assets:			<b>.</b>	d 0.007.577
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>\$</b> 399 <b>.459</b>	\$ 407,529	\$ 2,1 <b>79,</b> 585	\$ 2,986,573
Receivables, net of allowance	44,916	39,084	207,874	291,874
Inventory	36 <b>,30</b> 4	1,468	348,851	386,623
Total current assets	480,679	448,081	2,736,310	3,665,070
Noncurrent assets:				010.47
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	100,500	209 <b>,97</b> 0	-	310,470
Notes receivable	-	-	25,000	25,00
Bond discounts and issuance costs,				
net of accumulated amortization	21,018	6,563	-	27,58
Loss on defeasance	13,986	-	-	13,98
Capital assets:				
Land and water	269,738	4,863	5,100	279,70
Buildings	10,368	-	177,494	187,86
Machinery and equipment	272,921	168,683	515,696	<b>95</b> 7,30
Automobiles and trucks	26 <b>,48</b> 7	21 <b>,25</b> 9	210,274	258,02
Distribution system	5,58 <b>6,06</b> 7	4,76 <b>2,06</b> 9	4,938,990	15 <b>,28</b> 7,12
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,416,144)	(1,692,858)	(2,985,354)	(7,094,35
Total noncurrent assets	3,884,941	3,480,549	2,887,200	10,252,69
Total assets	4,365,620	3,928,630	5,623,510	13,917,70
Ситеnt liabilities:				
Accounts payable	5,178	7,452	100,878	113,50
Customer deposits	-	1,650	<b>24,</b> 235	<b>2</b> 5,8
	1 <b>1,57</b> 8	28,366	•	39,9
Interest payable	117,167	77,000	-	194,1
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities  Total current liabilities	133,923	114,468	125,113	373,5
	155,725			
Noncurrent liabilities:	16,993	1,227	<b>40</b> ,994	59,2
Compensated absences payable	103,168	-,	, -	103,1
Leases payable	825,000	-	-	825,0
Notes payable  Bonds payable	693,700	1,701,972	-	2,395,6
Less current portion of noncurrent liabilities	(117,167)	(77,000)	-	(194,1
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,521,694	1,626,199	40,994	3,188,8
Total liabilities	1,655,617	1,740,667	166,107	3,562,3
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,1 <b>50,9</b> 95	1,5 <b>40,2</b> 41	2,862,200	<b>6,5</b> 53,4
Restricted for debt service	1 <b>00,5</b> 00	209,970	-	310,4
VESTILICIEN INT NEAT SELATOR	113,876	3,175	-	117,0
Destricted for other numeros				
Restricted for other purposes Unrestricted	3 <b>44,6</b> 32	434,577	2,595,203	3,374,4

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	W	ater Fund	Se	wer Fund	Ele	etric Fund		Totals 2005
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	482,704	\$	277,542	\$	1,8 <b>48,</b> 373	\$	2,608,619
Penalties		-		-		17,170		17,170
Other revenues				12,097		1,095		13,192
Total operating revenues		482,704		289,639		1,866,638		2,638,981
Operating expenses:								
Purchased power		-		-		1,036,549		1,036,549
Salaries and wages		173,328		35 <b>,974</b>		4 <b>42,</b> 352		.651,654
Repairs and maintenance		-		25,051		<b>56,6</b> 93		81,74 <b>4</b>
Depreciation		191,016		130,253		182,618		503,887
Miscellaneous		65,463		826		3,196		69,485
Assessments		4,466		-		-		4,466
Administrative services		12,000		6,000		60,000		78,000
Total operating expenses		446,273		198,104		1,781,408		2,425,785
Operating income (loss)		36,431		91,535		85,230	_	213,196
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):								
Connection and impact fees		36,612		3 <b>,800</b>		13,878		54,29 <b>0</b>
Interest income		11,326		1 <b>4,672</b>		<b>42,</b> 094		68,092
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(46,685)		(72,159)				(118,844
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,253		(53,687)		55,972		3,538
Income before contributions and transfers		37,684		37 <b>,848</b>		141,202		216,734
Capital contributions		-		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		(16,000)		(7,000)	<del></del>	(35,000)		(58,000
Change in net assets		21,684		30,848		106,202		158,734
Total net assets, beginning of year		2,688,319		2,157,115		5,351,201		10,196,635
Total net assets, end of year	_\$	2,710,003	_\$_	2,187,963	\$	5,457,403	\$_	10,355,369

# BEAVER CITY, UTAH Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Wat	er Fund	Sev	ver Fund	Ele	ctric Fund	,	Totals 2005
Cash flows from operating activities:						<u></u>		
Cash received from customers, service fees	\$	483 <b>,6</b> 53	\$	289,556	\$	1,869,883	\$	2,643,092
Cash received from customers, capacity fees								10.100
and other		-		12,097		1,095		13,192
Cash paid to suppliers		(82,409)		(28,344)		(1,294,960)	(	1,405,713)
Cash paid to employees		(174,411)		(36,053)		(443,049)		(653,513)
Net cash flows from operating activities		226,833		237,256		132,969		597,058
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfers (to) from other funds		(16,000)		(7,000)		(35,000)		(58,000)
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		(16,000)		(7,000)		(35,000)		(58,000)
Cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities:								
Principal payments on long-term debt		(111,510)		(207,028)		-		(318,538)
Interest paid		(4 <b>5,40</b> 3)		(7 <b>6,3</b> 61)		-		(121,764)
Purchase of fixed assets		(13 <b>5,0</b> 95)		(41,122)		(245,013)		(421,230)
Connection and impact fees		36,612		3,800		13,878		54,290
Net cash flows from capital and related								(0.07.0.40)
financing activities:		(255,396)		(320,711)		(231,135)	_	(807,242)
Cash flows from investing activities:						42.004		69 0 <b>00</b>
Interest on investments		11,326		14,672		42,094		68,092
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(33,237)		(75,783)		(91,072)		(200,092)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		533,196		693,282		2,270,657	_	3,497,135
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	499,959	<u>\$</u>	617,499	\$	2,179,585	\$	3,297,043
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:								
Net operating income (loss)	\$	<b>36,4</b> 31	\$	91,535	\$	85,230	\$	213,196
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss)								
to net cash flows from operating activities								
Depreciation/amortization		191,016		130,253		182,618		503,8 <b>87</b>
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						•		
(Increase) Decrease in receivables		<b>9</b> 49		12,014		4,34 <b>0</b>		17,303
(Increase) Decrease in inventory		<b>4,4</b> 16		310		(50,37 <b>0</b> )		(45,644)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		<b>(4,8</b> 96)		3,223		(88,152)		(89,825)
Increase (Decrease) in compensated								,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
absences payable		(1,083)		(79)	_	(697)		(1,859)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	226,833	\$	237,256	\$	132,969	_\$	597,058

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### General

The financial statements of Beaver City, Utah have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

#### Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the City, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is whether or not the City exercises significant influence over the potential component unit. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present Beaver City (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationships with the City, but is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City.

The following discretely presented component unit had separately issued financial statements and was audited by other independent auditors:

Beaver Valley Hospital (Enterprise Fund) - The Beaver City Council appoints two of the seven Hospital board members and the Beaver City Mayor is Chairman of the Board. In addition, Beaver City owns the Hospital's buildings through the Municipal Building Authority of Beaver City (the Authority). The Authority was formally recognized by the State of Utah as an incorporated entity in 1999. The Authority was formed for the purpose of acquiring; improving or extending any improvements, facility or properties, specifically, hospital and related facilities and the original Board of Trustees consists of the mayor and city council members of the City.

Complete financial statements of the individual component unit can be obtained by writing to the Beaver Valley Hospital, P.O. Box 1670, Beaver, UT 84713, or by calling 1 (435) 438-2531.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of the inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an expenditure. Proceeds from long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the City are reported as a reduction of a related liability, rather than as expenditures in the government-wide financial statements.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, room taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the City.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the City.

The Electric Fund is used to account for the provision of electricity to the residents of the City.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

When both restricted and unrestricted assets are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted assets first, then unrestricted assets as they are needed. The City does reserve the right to be selective in the use of such restricted assets that best fit the City's needs.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, deposits in other types of accounts or cash management pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The City's policy allows for the investment of funds in time certificates of deposit with federally insured depositories, investment in the state treasurer's pool, and other investments as allowed by the State of Utah's Money Management Act. All investments are carried at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recorded as adjustments to interest earnings. Fair market values are based on quoted market prices.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to" or "due from other funds." All trade accounts receivable in the enterprise funds are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Due to the nature of the accounts receivable in governmental type activities, management does not consider an allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable necessary or material. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable is presented. The accounts receivable balance of the Beaver Valley Hospital (Component Unit) of \$1,978,304 is shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts and contractual adjustments of \$543,141.

#### Inventories and prepaid items

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories of the business type activities are valued at the lower of FIFO cost or market. Market is considered as replacement cost.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The City has elected not to report its major general infrastructure assets retroactively. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Improvements	20-40 years
Furniture and fixtures	7-10 years
Automobiles and trucks	5-10 years
Machinery and equipment	7-15 years
Distribution system	10-50 years
Infrastructure	40 years

#### **Compensated Absences**

For governmental funds, amounts of vested or accumulated vacation and comp time that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets and as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. No expenditures are reported for these amounts in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and comp time in the proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and a liability of that fund as the benefits accrue to the employees and are thus recorded in both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund financial statements.

Accumulated unpaid vacation pay and comp time are accrued based upon the City's expected legal obligation as of the statement date. No provision is made for accumulated sick leave because the City is not obligated to pay accumulated sick leave upon termination or retirement.

#### NOTE 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

#### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the applicable debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Estimates**

Generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect assets and liabilities, contingent assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenditures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation is not employed by the City.

#### NOTE 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of nets assets. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Some liabilities, including bonds payable and capital leases, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

### NOTE 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Notes Payable	\$ 63,033
Bonds Payable	301,000
Capital Leases	<b>44,</b> 064
Compensated absences	9,240
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ 417,337

Explanation of differences between governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The first element of this reconciliation states that capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures while the government-wide statement of activities allocates these costs over the useful lives of the assets as depreciation. While shown in the reconciliation as the net difference, the elements of this difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$ 432,964
Depreciation Expense	 (156,505)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balance - total governmental funds to arrive at changes	
in net assets of governmental funds	\$ 276,459

#### NOTE 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Annual budgets are reported and adopted by the City Council on or before June 22 for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 in accordance with State Law. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed sources of financing for such expenditures. Prior to June 22, a public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer input. Budgets are adopted and control of budget appropriations is exercised, under State Law, at the department level. Budget amendments are required to increase expenditure budgets and are adopted, in a public hearing, before the end of the fiscal year. The budget was amended during the current fiscal year.

The General Fund budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgets for the proprietary fund types are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except that depreciation for all proprietary fund types is not budgeted.

#### **Taxes**

Property taxes are collected by the Beaver County Treasurer and remitted to the City in monthly installments. Taxes are levied each October on the taxable value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real property located in the City. Taxable values are established by the County Assessor at 55 percent of the fair market value on primary residential property and 100 percent of the fair market value on non-primary residential property. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every five years. Taxes are due and payable on November 1 and delinquent after November 30 of each year, at which time they become liens if not paid.

Sales taxes are collected by the Utah State Tax Commission and remitted to the City monthly.

#### NOTE 4. Deposits and Investments

The State of Utah Money Management Council has the responsibility to advise the State Treasurer about investment policies, promote measures and rules that will assist in strengthening the banking and credit structure of the state and review the rules adopted under the authority of the State of Utah Money Management Act that relate to the deposit and investment of public funds.

The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah code*, Section 51, chapter 7) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act requires the depositing of City funds in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

#### **Deposits**

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposit may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2005, \$203,992 of the City's bank balance of \$349,567 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investment for the City and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the City to invest in negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier' by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investor Services or Standard & Poor's, bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Section 51-7, *Utah Code Annotated*, 1953, as

### NOTE 4. Deposits and Investments, Continued

amended. The Act established the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gain or losses on investments.

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses – net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balance. The fair vale of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

As of June 30, 2005 the government had the following investments and maturities:

		Investments Maturities (in Years)							
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	;	6-1	0	Mo thar	n 10	
State of Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	3,698,045	<b>\$</b> 3,69 <b>8,0</b> 45	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Fair Value	\$3,698,045	\$3,698,045	\$		\$		\$	-	

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for reducing it exposure to credit risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act.

At June 30, 2005 the City had the following investments and quality ratings:

			Qι	iality R	atings	
Investment Type	Fair Value	AAA	A A	Α	A	Unrated
State of Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$3,698,045	\$	- \$	- 9	; -	\$3,698,045
Total Fair Value	\$3,698,045	\$	- \$	- \$	3	\$3,698,045

#### NOTE 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

#### Governmental Activities:

	Balance 6/30/2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2005
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 163,697	\$ -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> 163, <b>697</b>
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	163,697	<del>-</del>		163,697
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	882,554	3,000	-	885,554
Improvements	1,842,370	420,608	-	2,262,978
Furniture & fixtures	21,648	6,024	-	27 <b>,672</b>
Machinery & equipment	654,670	3,332	-	658,002
Infrastructure	157,234	-		157,234
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<b>3,558,</b> 476	432,964		3,991 <b>,440</b>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(358,138)	(28,246)	•	(386,384)
Improvements	<b>(698</b> ,879)	(77,373)	-	(776,252)
Furniture & fixtures	<b>(14,</b> 671)	(2,861)	-	(17,532)
Machinery & equipment	(434,079)	<b>(44,0</b> 94)	-	(478,173)
Infrastructure	(327)	(3,931)		(4,258)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,506,094)	(156,505)	-	(1,662,599)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,052,382	276,459		2,328,841
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,216,079	\$ 276,459	\$ -	\$ 2,492,538

#### NOTE 5. Capital Assets, Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 8,400
Public safety	<b>4,</b> 583
Highways	<b>52</b> ,433
Parks and recreation	82,101
Community development	 <b>8</b> ,988
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 156,505

Business Type Activities:				•
· ·	Balance 6/30/2004	Additions	Dele tions	Balance 6/30/2005
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land and water	<b>\$ 254,</b> 336	\$ 25,364	<u> </u>	\$ 279,700
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<b>254,</b> 336	25,364		279,700
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	187,862	•	-	187,862
Machinery and equipment	915,150	42,151	-	957,301
Autos and trucks	258,020	-	-	<b>2</b> 58,0 <b>20</b>
Distribution system	14,933,410	353,716		15,287,126
Total capital assets, being depreciated	16,294,442	395,867	-	16,690,309
Less accumulated depreciation for:			•	
Buildings	(77,688)	(4,424)	-	(82,112)
Machinery and equipment	(559,935)	(58,923)	-	(618,858)
Autos and trucks	(134,333)	(29,772)	-	(164,105)
Distribution system	(5,818,514)	(410,767)		(6,229,281)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,590,470)	(503,886)		(7,094,356)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	9,703,972	(108,019)		<b>9,</b> 595,9 <b>5</b> 3
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,958,308	\$ (82,655)	\$ -	\$ 9,875,653

#### NOTE 6. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the primary government and the component unit for the year ended June 30, 2005.

-				Prin	nary	Governme	nt			
	]	Balance			•			Balance	C	urrent
	6	/3 <b>0/2</b> 004	Addit	ions	Ret	irements	6	/3 <b>0/2</b> 005	P	ortion
Governmental Activities:		_								
Note payable	\$	83,045	\$	_	\$	20,012	\$	63,033	\$	20,771
Special assessments	•	324,000				23,000		301,000		9,000
Capital leases		57,548		_		13,484		44,064		<b>10,</b> 749
Accrued compensated absences		12,027				2,787		9,240		
Governmental activity										
Long-term liabilities	\$	476,620	\$		\$	59,283	\$	417,337		40,520
Business-type Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	591,000	\$	_	\$	44,000	\$	547,000	\$	<b>46,</b> 000
Revenue bonds	•	2,922,700		-		249,028		2,673,672		123,000
Less deferred amounts:		<b>,</b> ,-				ř				
For issuance discounts		(29,177)		_		(1,597)		(27,580)		
On refunding		(15,653)		-		(1,666)		(13,987)		
Total bonds payable		3,468,870		-		289,765		3,179,105		169,000
Capital leases		128,678		_		<b>25</b> ,510		103,168		<b>25</b> ,167
Accrued compensated absences		61,072		<u>-</u>		1,858		59,214		
Business type activity										
Long-term liabilities	\$	3,658,620	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	317,133	\$	3,341,487		194,167
Total long-term liabilities	\$	4,135,240	_\$	-	\$	376,416	<u>\$</u>	3,758,824	\$	234,687
				(	Com	ponent Uni	it			
		Balance						Balance		Current
		6/30/2004	Add	itions	Re	etirements		6/30/2005		Portion
Revenue bonds	\$	6,194,000	\$	_	\$	266,000	\$	5,928,000	\$	206,000
Notes payable	Ψ	140,955	~	_	*	68,269	Í	72,686		72,686
Capital leases		1.065		-		1,065		·		1,065_
Component unit	_									
Long-term liabilities	_\$	6,336,020	\$		\$	335,334	\$	6,000,686	_\$	279,751

Long-term de following issu	bt for the primary government and component unit at June 30, 2005 is ues:	comprised of	of the
	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		
(1) Note P	ayable:		
Gol	f Course Sprinkler Fund:		
	Golf Course Sprinkler fund note payable due in annual		
	principal and interest installments of \$25,345 bearing		
	interest at 6.375%, maturing June 1, 2008.	_\$	63,033
(2) Special	Assessment Bonds:		
Del	ot Service Fund:		
	Special Assessment Bonds Series 2000 due in annual		
	principal and interest installments ranging from		
	\$23,304 to \$24,340, with interest ranging from 4.9% to		
÷	5.3%, maturing March 15, 2004.		168,000
	Special Assessment Bonds Series 2001 due in annual		
	principal and interest installments ranging from		
	\$15,788 to \$16,675, with interest ranging from 4.85% to		
	5.45%, maturing March 12, 2016.		133,000
	Total special assessment bonds		301,000
(3) Gener	al Obligation Bonds:		

547,000

due in annual installments at varying amounts through

March 1, 2015, with 3.7% interest.

NOTE 6.	Long-Term Debt, Continued	
(4) Revenu	e Bonds:	
Wa	ter Fund:	
	Water Improvement Subordinated Revenue Bonds, Series 1990, due in annual installments at varying amounts through January 2016, with 5% interest, payable from water fund revenues.	146,700
	Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2002, due in annual installments at varying amounts through January 1, 2012 at interest rates from 2.10% to 3.95%, payable from water fund revenues.	315,000
	Water Revenue Bonds, Taxable Series 1997B, due in annual installments at varying amounts starting January 1, 2013, maturing January 1, 2018, payable from water fund revenues.	510,000
Sev	wer Fund:	
	Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, due in annual installments at varying amounts through February 1, 2022 at 4% interest, payable from sewer fund revenues.	1,701,972
	Total revenue bonds	2,673,672
(5) Leases	Payable:	•
Ge	eneral:	
	Lease payable in annual installments of \$12,214 through February 2009, at interest between 3.385% and 5.99%	44,064
W	ater Fund:	
	Lease payable in annual installments of \$28,597 through February 2009, at interest between 3.385% and 5.99%	103,168
	Total leases payable	147,232
Ad	ccrued vacation and comp time payable	68,454
	ess: Deferred amounts for issuance discounts on bond refunding	(41,567

NOTE 6.	Long-Term Debt, Continued	
Tot	al long-term debt	3,758,824
Les	s: Current portion	(104.167)
	Business-type activities	(194,167) (40,5 <b>20</b> )
Net	Governmental-type activities  long-term debt	\$ 3,524,137
	COMPONENT UNIT	
Re	venue Bonds:	
	0.00% Series 1999A Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, principal maturing in varying annual amounts, due July 1, 2025, collateralized by certain property and equipment.	\$ 950,000
	3.00% Series 1999B Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, principal maturing in varying annual amounts, due July 1, 2025, collateralized by certain property and equipment.	433,000
	4.18% Series 1999B Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, principal maturing in varying annual amounts, due July 1, 2006, collateralized by certain property and equipment.	4,545,000
	Total revenue bonds	5,928,000
No	ote Payable:	
	5.56% Note Payable, payable in monthly installments of \$6,252, including interest, due June 16, 2006, collateralized by equipment.	72,686
	Total component unit long-term debt	6,000,686
	Less: Current portion	(278,686)
	Net component unit long-term debt	\$ 5,722,000

### NOTE 6. Long-Term Debt, Continued

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures. The City is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires special assessment debt to be recorded on the books when establishment and maintenance of a guarantee fund is required; however, the Assessment Bonds are not general obligations of the City, but are payable exclusively out of the Special Assessment Fund and the Guaranty Fund. The City shall not be held liable for the payment of the Assessment Bonds, except to the extent of the Special Assessment Fund and Guaranty Fund, but shall be held responsible for the lawful levy of all regular assessments, for the maintenance of the Guaranty Fund as provided by law, and for the faithful accounting, collection, settlement and payment of the assessments and the moneys in said Funds

The annual requirements to amortize bonds payable at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

### **Primary Government**

Governmental-type Activities											
Note Pavable Sprinklers				South Sewer SID				Industrial Park SID			
				P	rincipal	Ir	Interest		Principal		terest
\$	20,771	\$	4,498	\$	15,000	\$	8,812	\$	9,000	\$	7,055
	22,173		3,096		16,000		8,025		10,000		6,582
	•		1,599		17,000		7,177		10,000		6,052
	_		-		18,000		6,267		11,000		5,517
	-		-		18,000		5,304		11,000		4,923
	_		_		19,000		4,368		12,000		4,329
	_		-		20,000		3,380		13,000		3,675
	_		_				2,340		13,000		2,993
			_		•		1,196		14,000		2,310
	_		_				· •		15,000		1,575
	<del>-</del> .		_		_		-		15,000		788
•	63 033	\$	9 193	-\$	168,000	\$	46,869	\$		\$	45,799
		Principal  \$ 20,771 22,173 20,089	Principal Ir \$ 20,771 \$ 22,173	\$ 20,771 \$ 4,498 22,173 3,096 20,089 1,599	Note Payable Sprinklers	Note Payable Sprinklers         South Second Principal           9 Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 20,771         \$ 4,498         \$ 15,000           \$ 22,173         3,096         16,000           \$ 20,089         1,599         17,000           \$ 18,000         19,000           \$ 20,000         22,000           \$ 22,000         23,000           \$ 20,000         23,000	Note Payable Sprinklers         South Sewer S           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 20,771         \$ 4,498         \$ 15,000         \$ 22,173         3,096         16,000         \$ 15,000         \$ 12,000         \$ 12,000         \$ 12,000         \$ 18,000         \$ 18,000         \$ 12,000         \$ 20,000         \$ 22,000         \$ 22,000         \$ 23,000         \$ 23,000         \$ 22,000         \$ 23,000         \$ 22,000         \$ 22,000         \$ 23,000         \$ 22,000         \$ 22,000         \$ 23,000         \$ 22,000	Note Payable Sprinklers         South Sewer SID           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 20,771         \$ 4,498         \$ 15,000         \$ 8,812           22,173         3,096         16,000         8,025           20,089         1,599         17,000         7,177           -         -         18,000         6,267           -         -         19,000         4,368           -         -         20,000         3,380           -         -         22,000         2,340           -         -         23,000         1,196	Note Payable Sprinklers         South Sewer SID           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 20,771         \$ 4,498         \$ 15,000         \$ 8,812         \$ 22,173         \$ 3,096         16,000         \$ 8,025         \$ 20,089         1,599         17,000         7,177         \$ 18,000         6,267         \$ 18,000         5,304         \$ 19,000         4,368         \$ 20,000         3,380         \$ 22,000         2,340         \$ 23,000         1,196         \$ 23,000         \$ 1,196         \$ 20,000         \$ 2,340         \$ 2,000 </td <td>Note Payable Sprinklers         South Sewer SID         Industrial Industrial Interest           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 20,771         \$ 4,498         \$ 15,000         \$ 8,812         \$ 9,000           22,173         3,096         16,000         8,025         10,000           20,089         1,599         17,000         7,177         10,000           -         -         18,000         6,267         11,000           -         -         19,000         4,368         12,000           -         -         20,000         3,380         13,000           -         -         22,000         2,340         13,000           -         -         23,000         1,196         14,000           -         -         -         15,000</td> <td>Note Payable Sprinklers         South Sewer SID         Industrial Park Sidentification           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 20,771         \$ 4,498         \$ 15,000         \$ 8,812         \$ 9,000         \$ 22,173           \$ 20,089         1,599         17,000         7,177         10,000         10,000           -         -         18,000         6,267         11,000         11,000           -         -         19,000         4,368         12,000         13,000           -         -         20,000         3,380         13,000         13,000           -         -         22,000         2,340         13,000         14,000         15,000           -         -         -         -         15,000         -         -         15,000         -</td>	Note Payable Sprinklers         South Sewer SID         Industrial Industrial Interest           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 20,771         \$ 4,498         \$ 15,000         \$ 8,812         \$ 9,000           22,173         3,096         16,000         8,025         10,000           20,089         1,599         17,000         7,177         10,000           -         -         18,000         6,267         11,000           -         -         19,000         4,368         12,000           -         -         20,000         3,380         13,000           -         -         22,000         2,340         13,000           -         -         23,000         1,196         14,000           -         -         -         15,000	Note Payable Sprinklers         South Sewer SID         Industrial Park Sidentification           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 20,771         \$ 4,498         \$ 15,000         \$ 8,812         \$ 9,000         \$ 22,173           \$ 20,089         1,599         17,000         7,177         10,000         10,000           -         -         18,000         6,267         11,000         11,000           -         -         19,000         4,368         12,000         13,000           -         -         20,000         3,380         13,000         13,000           -         -         22,000         2,340         13,000         14,000         15,000           -         -         -         -         15,000         -         -         15,000         -

Fiscal		Business-type Activities										
Year	Wa	iter	Sev	wer -	Water General Obligation Bonds							
Ended		e Bonds	Revenue	e Bonds								
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest						
2006	\$ 46,000	\$ 18,689	\$ 77,000	\$ 68,079	\$ 46,000	\$ 20,239						
2007	49,000	17,091	80,000	64,999	48,000	18,537						
2007	52,000	15,306	84,000	61,799	50,000	16,761						
2009	58,000	13,341	87,000	58,439	51,000	14,911						
2010	61,000	11,085	91,000	54,959	54,000	13,024						
2010	65 <b>,00</b> 0	8,635	94,000	51,319	55,000	11,026						
2011	68 <b>,00</b> 0	5,983	98,000	47,559	58,000	8,991						
2012	91,000	3,150	102,000	43,639	60 <b>,000</b>	6,845						
2013	94,000	2,400	106,000	39,559	62,000	4,625						
2014	99,000	1,650	110,000	35,319	63,000	2,331						
2015	103,700	850	115,000	30,917	-	-						
2017	91,000	-	119,000	26,319	-	-						
	94,000	_	124,000	21,559	_	-						
2018	94,000	_	129,000	16,599	-	-						
2019		_	134,000	11,439	_	_						
2020	-	_	140,000	6,079	-	-						
2021	-	-	11,972	480	-	-						
2022		¢ 00 100	\$1,701,972	\$ 639,062	\$ 547,000	\$117,290						
Total	<b>\$</b> 971 <b>,70</b> 0	\$ 98,180	φ1,/01,9/2	Ψ 037,002	<del>4 5 , 500</del>							

### **Component Unit**

Fiscal							
Year	Bonds and Notes Payable						
Ended							
June 30	Principal	Interest					
2006	\$ 278,686	\$ 155,810					
2007	4,392,000	58,124					
2008	27,000	12,000					
2009	28,000	11,490					
2010	28,000	10,9 <b>50</b>					
2011-2015	149,000	46,260					
2016-2020	290,000	30 <b>,480</b>					
2021-2025	808,000	12,180_					
Total	\$6,000,686	\$ 337,294					

### NOTE 7. Capital Leases

The City has entered into two lease agreements, which are considered capital leases in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard Board statement number 13. The leases are with Utah Independent Bank with one recorded in the water fund and one recorded with the governmental-type activities. Equipment under capitalized leases at June 30, 2005 amounts to \$163,209 in the water fund and \$75,000 in the governmental-type activities. Accumulated depreciation on leased assets at June 30, 2005 amounts to \$79,661 in the water fund and \$24,375 in the governmental-type activities. The following is an annual schedule of future minimum lease payments at 3.39%, 3.39% and 9.5% interest respectively, under the capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments:

					F	rim <b>ary</b>	
	Gov	ernmental		Water	Government		
Year Ending June 30	A	ctivities		Fund		Total	
2006	\$	12,214	\$	28,597	\$	40,811	
2007		12,214		28,598		40,812	
2008		12,214		28,597		40,811	
2009		11,091		25,967		3 <b>7,05</b> 8	
Total remaining minimum lease payments		47,733		111,759	-	159,492	
Less amount representing interest		(3,669)		(8,591)		(12,260)	
Present value of net remaining minimum lease payments	\$	44,064	_\$_	103,168	\$	147,232	

### NOTE 8. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2005, consisted of the following:

				於試行。	Tran	sfe <b>rs F</b> rom		加州縣		ALC: Pri	
		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Electric Fund		Nonmajor Governmental		Total	
ansfers To	General Fund	\$ 16,000	\$	7,000	\$	35,000	\$	6,00 <b>0</b>	\$	64,000	
Tra	Total	\$ 16,000	\$	7,000	\$	35,000	\$	6,000	\$	64,000	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the utility funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### NOTE 9. Defeasance of Long-Term Debt

On November 18, 2003, the City issued \$653,000 in General Obligation Water Refunding Bonds bearing interest at 3.70%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$613,000 of outstanding 1990 General Obligation Water Bonds bearing interest of 5.00%. As a result, the \$613,000 principal amount is considered to be defeased and the related liability has been removed from the City's books.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$5,940. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2015 using the effective interest method. Interest expense charged to operations through June 30, 2005 totaled \$495. The City completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 10 years by \$32,609 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$25,575.

### NOTE 10. Equity Classifications

Equity is classified in the government-wide financial statements as net assets and is displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

In the fund financial statements governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### **Equity Classifications, Continued NOTE 10.**

me 30, 2005, the City's reserved and designated fund balance	cs are as	10110 11 3.
General Fund:		
Reserved:	\$	36,990
Special assessment bonds	Φ	36,204
Library	•	
•	\$	73,194
Designated:		
Golf course sprinklers	\$	18,67 <b>6</b>
Golf course path		9,2 <b>22</b>
Airport improvements		57,55 <b>7</b>
	\$	85,455
Capital Projects Funds:		
Baseball field improvements	\$	47,062
Discovery park improvements		28,046
	\$	75,108
Debt Service Fund:		
Reserved for debt service	_\$	51,847
		51,847
Water Fund:		
Bond reserve funds	\$	100,500
Water impact fees		21,474
Water acquisition fees		92,402
	\$	214,376
Sewer Fund:		
Bond reserve funds	\$	209,966
PTIF Sewer loan and related retainage escrows		4
Sewer impact fees		3,175
	_\$_	213,145
Trust Fund:		
Cemetery Perpetual Care	_\$_	130,587
	\$	130,587

### NOTE 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

All full-time employees of the City participate in the Utah State-Wide Local Government Retirement Systems (Systems).

### Plan Description

Beaver City contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System and the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor.

The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers with (without) Social Security coverage, and Firefighters Retirement System which are for employers with (without) Social Security coverage. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 S., Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

#### **Funding Policy**

In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Beaver City is required to contribute 11.09% of their annual covered salary. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

### NOTE 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan, Continued

The required contributions and amounts received for the 2005 fiscal year and the two previous years are as follows:

	Year	-	oyee paid	for	nloyer paid employee atributions	Employer contributions		to :	ry subject retirement tributions
Noncontri	ibuto <b>ry</b> Sy	stem							
Local Go	overn <b>me</b> nt	tal Divis	ion						
	2005		N/A		N/A	\$	<b>54</b> ,336	\$	<b>4</b> 89,95 <b>5</b>
	2004		N/A		N/A		41,740		<b>4</b> 33,88 <b>9</b>
	2003		N/A		N/A		<b>36</b> ,270		417,377
Defined C	Contributio	on Syste	em:						
457 Plan	1								
	2005	\$	11,517	\$	25,880				
	2004		6,626		8,083				
	2003		<b>8,9</b> 39		90,418				
401 (k) 1	Plan								
	2005	\$	7,319	\$	<b>37</b> ,501				
	2004		11,391		33,473				
	2003		12,780		27,865				

The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

Beaver City participates in a 457 Deferred Compensation Plan.

The Utah Retirement Systems have adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 32 (GASB No 32), Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. This resulted in reporting the 457 Plans as a "Trust Fund" rather than previously as an "Agency Fund". Now all of the assets and income of the 457 Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants or their beneficiaries rather than the assets of the employer. The assets are no longer assets of the employer and are not to be included in the employer financial statements.

### NOTE 12. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk financing activities are accounted for in various operating funds, with unallocated or City-wide activities being accounted for in the general fund.

The City maintains insurance for general liability, auto liability, and employee dishonesty through Utah Local Government's Insurance Trust. Worker's compensation coverage is carried through the Worker's Compensation Fund of Utah.

### NOTE 13. Contingencies

The component unit purchases professional and general liability insurance to cover medical malpractice claims. From time to time, there are known claims and incidents that may result in the assertion of additional claims, as well as claims from unknown incidents that may be asserted arising from services provided to patients. After consultation with legal counsel, management estimates that these matters will be resolved without material adverse effect on the component unit's future financial position or results from operations.

### NOTE 14. Individual Fund Disclosures

#### **Segment Information**

For information on the Enterprise funds, see the Proprietary Funds financial statements in the basic financial statements.

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Debt Service Funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

North Park SID Fund – This fund is used to account for the funds accumulated and payments made for the Series 1996 Special Assessment Bonds.

South Sewer SID Fund – This fund is used to account for the funds accumulated and payments made for the Series 2000 Special Assessment Bonds.

Industrial Park SID Fund – This fund is used to account for the funds accumulated and payments made for the Series 2001 Special Assessment Bonds.

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Discovery Park Capital Project Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of the Discovery Park recreation facilities for the City.

Baseball Capital Project Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction and improvements to the City's baseball diamonds.

#### PERMANENT FUND

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for the purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

Perpetual Care Permanent Fund – This fund is used to account for the principal trust amounts received and related interest income. The interest portion of the trust can be used to maintain the community cemetery.

## BEAVER CITY, UTAH Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

	 <del></del>		Deb Servi		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 
	 h Park ID	Sou	th Sewer SID		dustrial ark SID	 Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 282 558	\$	<b>44</b> ,021 <b>106</b> ,719	\$	7,544 139,246	\$ 51,847 246,523
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ 840	\$	150,740	\$	146,790	\$ 298,370
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Deferred revenue	 558		106,719		139,246	 246,523
Total liabilities	 558		106,719		139,246	 246,523
Fund Balances:						
Reserved for:						
Debt service	282		44,021		7,544	51,847
Capital outlay	-		-		-	-
Perpetual Care	-		-		-	-
Unreserved, undesignated	 					 51.047
Total fund balances	 282		44,021		7,544	 51,847
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 840	\$	150,740	_\$	146,790	\$ 298,370

Capital Projects			-			Pe	rmane nt Fund	N	Total onmajor
Di	Discovery Park		<b>as</b> eball		Total	Perpetual care		Gov	ernmental Funds
\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,847
	-		-						246,523
\$	28,046 28,046	\$	87,926 87,926	-\$	115,972 115,972	\$	130,587 130,587	\$	246,559 544,929
\$	-	\$	40,864	\$	40,864	\$	-	\$ -	40,864
			<del></del>				-		246,523
	-		40,864		40,864	<del></del>		<del></del>	287,387
	-		-		-		-		51,847
	28,046		47,062		75,108		_		75,108
	-		-		-		1 <b>30,</b> 587		130,587
	28,046	•	47,062		75,108		130,587		257,542
\$	28,046	\$	87,926	\$	115,972	\$	130,587	\$	544,929

# BEAVER CITY, UTAH Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ender June 30, 2005

	Debt Service					
Revenues	North Park SID	South Sewer	Industrial Park SID	Total		
Intergovernmental revenue	ф	ø	•			
Special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Contributions and donations	2,212	18,105	4,679`	24,996		
Investment earnings	4	4 007	-	11.000		
Other revenues	7	4,027	6,999	11,030		
		<del></del>		-		
Total revenues	2,216	22,132	11,678	36,026		
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	· -	250	250	500		
Parks and recreation	-		250	500		
Debt service:						
Principal Principal	~	14,000	9,000	23,000		
Interest	-	9,539	7,518	17,057		
Capital outlay:			,	- · <b>,</b> ·		
Capital outlay			-			
Total expenditures		23,789	16,768	40,557		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,216	(1,657)	(5,090)	(4,531)		
			(-,,-)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out	-	<del>-</del>				
Total other financing sources and uses	-	<del>-</del>	-	-		
Net change in fund balances	2,216	(1,657)	(5,090)	(4,531)		
Fund balances, beginning of year	(1,934)	45,678	12,634	56,378		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 282 46	\$ 44,021	\$ 7,544	\$ 51,847		

Capital Projects					Permanent Fund		Total		
Discovery Park		Baseball		Total		Perpetual Care		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$	205,000	\$	205,000	\$	-	\$	205,000
	-		-		~		-		24,996
	<b>9,</b> 316		-		9,316		-		9,316
	492		938		1,430		2,439		
			_		-		11,174		11,174
	9,808		205,938		215,746		13,613		265,385
	-		_		_		-		500
	357		-		357		·_		357
	-		_		_		_		23,000
	-		-		-		-		17,057
	5,243		205,954		211,197		-		211,197
	5,600		205,954		211,554				252,111
	4,208		(16)		4,192		13,613		13,274
					<del>-</del> _		(6,000)		(6,000)
	-				-		(6,000)		(6,000)
	4,208		(1 <b>6)</b>		4,1 <b>92</b>		7,613		7,274
	23,838		47,078	_	70,916		122,974		250,268
\$	28,046	\$	47,062	\$	75,108	\$	130,587	\$	257,542

FEDERAL AND STATE REPORTS



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

MEMBERS:
KRIS J. BRAUNBERGER
DEAN R. BURDICK
BRENT R. HALL
KENNETH A. HINTON
GREGORY A. KEMP
MORRIS J. PEACOCK
MICHAEL K. SPILKER
MARK E. TICHENOR

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Beaver, Utah

We have audited the financial statements of Beaver City, Utah, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated August 11, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Beaver City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Beaver City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

P.O. Box 38 63 South 300 East, Suite 100 St. George, Utah 84771 Office (435) 628-3663 Fax (435) 628-3668 49 337 South Main, Suite 230 Cedar Professional Plaza Cedar City, Utah 84720 Office (435) 865-7666 Fax (435) 867-6111

P.O. Box 3575
590 WEST MESQUITE BLVD., SUITE 201
MESQUITE, NV 89024
OFFICE (702) 346-3462
FAX (702) 346-3464

This report is intended for the information of the mayor, audit committee, management, and various federal and state agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

While these reports are intended to be used by the specified parties, which include the applicable government regulatory bodies which require the reports, this report restriction does not alter the fact that the audit reports are public documents which, based on Utah laws, must be open to inspection by any interested person.

King, Burdick, that & thell, L. C.

KEMP, BURDICK, HINTON & HALL, L.C. August 11, 2005



### Independent Auditors' Report on State Legal Compliance

MEMBERS:
KRIS J. BRAUNBERGER
DEAN R. BURDICK
BRENT R. HALL
KENNETH A. HINTON
GREGORY A. KEMP
MORRIS J. PEACOCK
MICHAEL K. SPILKER
MARK E. TICHENOR

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Beaver, Utah

We have audited the basic financial statements of Beaver City, Utah, for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated August 11, 2005. As part of our audit, we have audited Beaver City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2005. The City received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

C Road Funds (Department of Transportation)
Liquor Law Enforcement (State Tax Commission)

Our audit also included testwork on the City's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide, including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Truth in Taxation and Property Tax Limitations
Liquor Law Enforcement
B & C Road Funds
Other General Compliance Issues
Department of Commerce
Impact Fees & Other Development Fees
Asset Forfeitures

The management of Beaver City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

P.O. Box 38 63 South 300 East, Suite 100 St. George, Utah 84771 Office (435) 628-3663 FAX (435) 628-3668

337 SOUTH MAIN, SUITE 230 CEDAR PROFESSIONAL PLAZA CEDAR CITY, UTAH 84720 OFFICE (435) 865-7666 FAX (435) 867-6111 P.O. Box 3575
590 West Mesquite BLVD., Suite 201
Mesquite, NV 89024
Office (702) 346-3462
Fax (702) 346-3464

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material non-compliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed no instances of non-compliance with the requirements referred to above.

In our opinion, Beaver City, Utah, complied, in all material aspects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

KEMP, BURDICK, HINTON & HALL, L.C.

King, Burdick, Mente 4 Hall, L.C.

August 11, 2005



January 17, 2006

Mr. MacRay A. Curtis CPA
Office of the State Auditor
PO Box 142310
Salt Lake City, UT 84114-2310

Dear Mr. MacRay:

With reference to your letter of December 19, 2005 and the review and findings regarding the Beaver City Audit, the following explanation and corrective plan are submitted.

Beaver City and our auditors both missed money for an airport improvement project that was not completed in FY 04-05 as planned, and the money was not accounted for in the General Fund, thus putting the General Fund over the 16% reserve balance.

Beaver City is now aware of the problems of accounting for special project funds that need to be accounted for in the General Fund balance, and will make sure that our budget deals with those funds and that we are in compliance with fund balance limits.

Sincerely,

Leonard Foster

Beaver City Mayor